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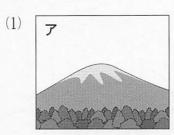
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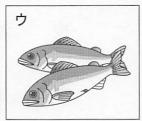
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1 放送を聞いて答える問題

1 これから短い英文を読みます。英文は(1)~(5)まで5つあります。それぞれの英文を読む前に、日本語で内容に関する質問をします。その質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものを、ア~エから1つずつ選び、符号で書きなさい。なお、英文は2回ずつ読みます。

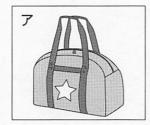




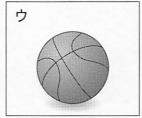


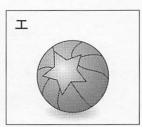


(2)









- (3) \mathcal{T} why don't you send them with your message?
 - 1 will you send a present to her?
 - ウ you should not give flowers to her.
 - I she can give them to you.

	Name of the Movie	Time	Language
ア	A Beautiful Season	10:00 a.m. ~11:45 a.m.	Japanese
1	Great Family	10:00 a.m. ~11:45 a.m.	English
ウ	A Beautiful Season	2:00 p.m.~ 3:45 p.m.	English
エ	Great Family	2:00 p.m. ~ 3:45 p.m.	Japanese

- (5) ア Bob is going to visit both the city library and the city museum.
 イ Bob is going to write a report with his teacher.
 ウ Bob will visit Ms. Tanaka because she works at the library.
 エ Bob will visit the city museum first to meet Ms. Tanaka.
- 2 これから読む英文は、中学生の信二(Shinji)とベーカー先生(Ms. Baker)が話をしているときのものです。この英文を聞いて、(1)、(2)の問いに答えなさい。なお、英文は2回読みます。

英文を聞く前に、まず、(1)、(2)の問いを読みなさい。

(1)	次の①~③に対する答えを、信二とベーカー先生の会話の内容に即して、英語で書きなさ
۲۷,	。ただし,解答用紙のの部分には1語ずつ書くこと。
1	How often does Shinji work as a member of 'Nature Club'?
	答え He works every
2	Who told Shinji about 'Nature Club'?
	答え His told him about it.
3	What does Shinji want to do through his activities?
	答え He wants to their future.

- (2) 信二とベーカー先生の会話の内容に合っているものを、ア〜エから1つ選び、符号で書きなさい。
 - 7 Shinji and Ms. Baker cleaned a river together.
 - 1 Shinji cleaned a river last weekend, but he could not enjoy it.
 - ウ Shinji has been a member of 'Nature Club' for about three years.
 - I Shinji says he wants to clean Mt. Fuji next year.

次の1~3の問いに答えなさい。

1 次の英文の()に入る最も適切な英語を, 1 語書きなさい。ただし, ()内に示されている文字で書き始め, その文字も含めて答えること。

A dictionary is very (u) when you study a foreign language. It tells you what words mean and how to use them. It helps you a lot.

2 次の会話を読んで、質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、**ア**~**エ**から1つ選び、符号で書きなさい。

(電話で)

2

Ken: Hello, this is Ken speaking.

Judy: Hi, Ken. It's Judy. Thank you for inviting me to the party yesterday. Well, I'm calling you because I lost my watch. Have you seen it in your house?

Ken: No, I haven't. I'm going to check my house.

Judy: Thanks. Please call me if you find it. See you soon.

Why is Judy calling Ken?

7 She asks him to come to her party.
1 She needs to borrow his watch.

ウ She wants him to look for her watch. エ She would like to go to his party again.

3 次の会話を読んで、(1)、(2)の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、**ア**~エから1つずつ選び、符号で書きなさい。

Tomoko: Look at the class schedule for this week, Alex. We will have six classes tomorrow, and we will have P.E. class. I'm excited!

Alex: Me, too. We will play soccer! Well, have you finished the science homework for tomorrow? It was so difficult that I could not understand it well.

Tomoko: Science homework? Look. We have no science class tomorrow.

Alex: Really? Oh, you're right. Then, I need to finish math homework first. Let's do it together.

[Class Schedule]

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
1		social studies	English	art	social studies
2		math	social studies	art	P.E.
3		moral education	P.E.	English	Japanese
4	holiday	science	Japanese	math	science
		lunch time			
5		English	math	Japanese	music
6		Japanese	classroom activities		English

(注) class schedule:時間割 P.E.:体育 moral education:道徳

(1) How many social studies classes will they have this week?

ア One イ Two ウ Three エ Four

(2) When are they talking?

ア On Monday イ On Tuesday ウ On Wednesday エ On Thursday

3 次の英文は、博(Hiroshi)が、食料自給率(food self-sufficiency rate)について、グラフ (Graph)と表(Table)を作り、英語の授業で発表したときのものです。1~3の問いに答 えなさい。

I made *okonomiyaki* with my mother last week. While we were cooking, she said, "Do you think *okonomiyaki* is Japanese food?" I answered, "Of course!" Then she said, "You are right, but some of the ingredients come from other countries. For example, the pork and the shrimps that we're using now are imported from overseas. We depend on foreign countries for a lot of ingredients." Then I remembered the word 'food self-sufficiency rate'. I learned at school that Japan's food self-sufficiency rate is less than half.

Then, where does the food we eat come from? Look at the two graphs first. You can see that we import pork and shrimps from these countries. The left graph shows that about half of pork is imported from America and Canada. When you look at the right graph, you can see shrimps come from some countries in Asia. I was surprised that we import them from so many different countries.

Now look at the table. This is about the food self-sufficiency rate of four countries in 1963 and 2013. You can see that the food self-sufficiency rate of Canada is the highest both in 1963 and 2013. And in 2013, the rate of France and America is about the same, though the rate of America is higher than the rate of France in 1963. When you compare the rate in 1963 and 2013, only the rate of Japan gets smaller from 1963 to 2013. The table shows that Japan imports about 60% of food from foreign countries in 2013. If we cannot import any food, we may have a difficult time.

I thought *okonomiyaki* was 'Japanese' food. But you can also say it is '(①)' food. I guess there are many other things we import. So when you go to a supermarket next time, why don't you check where they come from?

Other countries America 25.9% pork Canada 24.2% Indonesia 19.5% 14.9%

	rabie	
Country	1963	2013
A	161 %	264 %
В	120 %	130 %
С	98 %	127 %
D	72 %	39 %

(注) ingredient:材料 pork:豚肉 shrimp:エビ import:輸入する Vietnam:ベトナム

Indonesia: インドネシア

1 Table の C に入る最も適切なものを、ア〜エから1つ選び、符号で書きなさい。 ア America イ Canada ウ France エ Japan

2 本文中の(①)に入る最も適切なものを、ア~エから1つ選び、符号で書きなさい。

ア delicious イ expensive ウ fast エ international

- 3 本文の内容に合っているものを、ア~エから1つ選び、符号で書きなさい。
 - 7 Hiroshi found that Japan imports pork and shrimps from many different countries.
 - ✓ Hiroshi learned about 'food self-sufficiency rate' from his mother.
 - ウ The right graph shows that we import about half of shrimps from Vietnam.
 - I The table shows the percentage of pork and shrimps that the four countries import.

4 次の英文は、中学生の久美(Kumi)が、最近印象に残ったできごとについて、英語の授業で スピーチをしたときのものです。 1 ~ 7 の問いに答えなさい。

Last Saturday, our softball team had an important game.

I practiced very hard with my team members to win. However, I didn't play well in the game, and we lost. Other members encouraged me after the game, but I could not stop crying.

After I came back home, I told my father how much I wanted to win. He said, "I know how you feel, Kumi. You've tried hard to win that game for such a long time." Then he continued, "Well, I'm going to climb a mountain tomorrow. How about going together, Kumi?" "Climbing a mountain? I don't want to go, because I'm exhausted now," I answered. He said, "If you walk in a mountain, you may feel better. Why don't you come?" I thought for a minute. I felt it would be nice for a change, and decided to go with him.

The next morning, it was cloudy, but soon after we began to climb, it started to rain. I said to myself, "Yesterday I lost the game, and today it's raining. Nothing is good to me." When we got to the top, I was disappointed that I could not see anything from there. But my father looked happy in the rain. When we were eating lunch there, I asked him why. He said, "We cannot stop the rain by complaining, Kumi. I just enjoy climbing whether it is rainy or sunny. When it rains, you can enjoy the rain." "Enjoy the rain? How can you enjoy when it rains?" I asked. He answered, "See the trees when they're wet with rain. They're very beautiful." I said, "But I want to enjoy walking in the sun. Climbing on a rainy day is like losing games. Then he said, "I know what you mean, Kumi. But there is no winner or loser in climbing. I feel happy in the mountains even on rainy days because I really like mountains." When I heard his words, I remembered the time when I started to play softball at the age of ten. At that time, (②). But now I play softball just to win. My father smiled and said, "Well, when you have a hard time, you have three things to do. First, you can do your best and run for success. You may think this is always the best choice. But you sometimes need to stop and think about what you have done. This is the second thing you can do." "Stop and think about what I have done," I repeated. He said, "I think this is also important because it's impossible to have success all the time. And there is one more thing you can do." "What's that?" I asked. He said, "Accept the situation and walk step by step. If you continue to walk, you may find something wonderful along the way." While I was listening to him, I remembered the faces of my team members.

In the afternoon, it stopped raining. When we started to go down the mountain, my father said, "Look over there!" A rainbow was in the clear sky. My father and I looked at each other. He said, "See? That is 'something wonderful along the way'." I said, "You're right. I can see it only after the rain. No rain, no rainbow!"

(注) encourage:励ます for a change:気分転換に complain:不平を言う whether~:~であろうとも loser:敗者 the time when~:~したときのこと success:成功 situation:状況 step by step:一歩一歩 rainbow:虹

1 久美が登山した日の天気はどのように変化したかを、ア~エから1つ選び、符号で書きなさ 11 7 工 2 次の英文が入る最も適切な箇所を、本文中の から1つ選び、符号で 工 書きなさい。 Though I lost the game, I had a lot of experiences with them. 3 本文中の下線部①と、ほぼ同じ意味を表すものを、ア~エから1つ選び、符号で書きなさ 170 ウ pleased I tired ア excited 1 interested 4 本文中の(②)に入る最も適切なものを,ア~エから1つ選び,符号で書きなさい。 ア I didn't enjoy playing it イ I didn't play it well ウ I just enjoyed playing it with my friends I tried to win the game with my friends 5 次の質問に対する答えを、本文の内容に即して、英語で書きなさい。ただし、解答用紙の の部分には1語ずつ書くこと。 (1) Did Kumi win the softball game on Saturday? (2) What did Kumi remember while she was talking with her father on the top of the mountain? 6 本文の内容に合っているものを,ア~オから1つ選び,符号で書きなさい。 **7** Kumi was happy when her father asked her to go to the mountain with him.

- 1 Kumi's father said he liked to climb mountains even in the rain.
- ウ Kumi and her father ate lunch after they went down the mountain.
- **X** Kumi's father thought that it is important to win the game all the time.
- オ Kumi was not happy though she saw a rainbow from the mountain.
- 7 次の英文は、登山を終えた久美が父に書いた手紙の一部を、英語にしたものです。 (③)、(④)に入る最も適切な英語を、1語ずつ書きなさい。ただし、()内に示されている文字で書き始め、その文字も含めて答えること。

Thank you for taking me to the mountain on (③S). Though I could not see anything from the top, I really enjoyed climbing with you. I felt that climbing a mountain is like playing softball. While we were climbing, you taught me three important things to do when we had a hard time: run, stop, and (④w) step by step. Now I think they are all important. When I play the game next time, I can enjoy playing softball with my team members. Please come to watch me!

	O会話について,それぞれの[]内の語を正しく並べかえて,英文を完成させ、,解答用紙のの部分には1語ずつ書くこと。
1 (放課後の	教室で)
Yuki: Ma	ry, what are you doing here?
	[at / boy / looking / playing / the] soccer over there. He is so cool.
	that's Kenta. He plays soccer very well.
2 (昼休みの	教室で)
	Ii, Mike. I'm going to study for the test with my friend on Saturday. Would ou like to join us?
Mike: I'	d love to. When will you start?
Takashi: A	bout ten o'clock.
Mike: I	have to clean my room, so I will [call / I / leave / when / you] my house.
ビューをしたと メモに即して,	ことになり、質問内容についてメモを作成しました。メモをもとに実際にインタニきの会話文を完成させなさい。会話文の ①
<メモ>	
	·先生の出身地 ・日本に来た理由 ・日本での滞在予定期間
【グリーン	先生に訪れてもらいたい観光地と、その観光地でできること】
•	あなたの考え
く実際にイン	/タビューをしたときの会話文>
You:	Nice to meet you, Mr. Green. I would like to ask some questions about you.
Mr. Green	: Nice to meet you, too. Please ask me anything.
You:	First, where are you from?
Mr. Green	: I'm from Canada.
You:	Oh, you are from Canada. Then, ①?
Mr. Green	: Well, because I'm interested in Japanese culture.
You:	I'm glad to hear that. And ② ?
Mr. Green	: For three years.
You:	I'm looking forward to spending time with you. When you have some free time, I ③ . I hope you'll enjoy Japan.