令和5年度入学者選抜学力検査問題

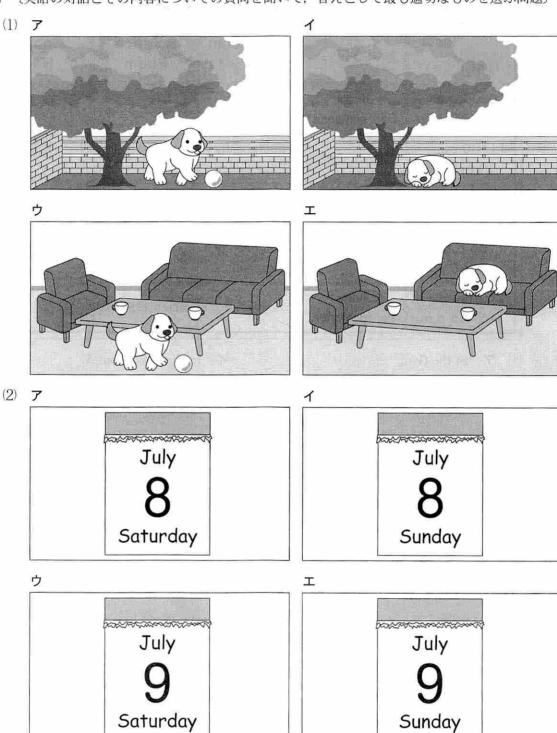
英

- 注 意

- 1 監督者の「始め」の合図があるまでは、開いてはいけません。
- 2 検査時間は、14時55分から15時45分までの50分間です。
- 3 大きな問題は、全部で5問で、表紙を除いて9ページです。 また、別に解答用紙が1枚あります。
- 4 監督者の「始め」の合図があったら、すぐに受検番号をこの表紙と解答用紙のきめられた欄に書きなさい。
- 5 答えは、必ず解答用紙のきめられた欄に書きなさい。 また、特に指示のあるもののほかは、各問いのア、イ、ウ、エのうちから 最も適当なものをそれぞれ一つ選んで、その記号を解答欄の()の中に書 き入れなさい。
- 6 監督者の「やめ」の合図があったら、すぐやめて、筆記用具をおきなさい。

受 検 番 号 番

- 1 これは聞き方の問題である。指示に従って答えなさい。
 - 1 〔英語の対話とその内容についての質問を聞いて、答えとして最も適切なものを選ぶ問題〕



- (3) 7 Find the teacher's notebook.
 - ウ Go to the teachers' room.
- (4) 7 At Kate's house.
 - ウ At the bookstore.

- ✓ Give her notebook to the teacher.
- I Play soccer with the teacher.
- ✓ At the baseball stadium.
- I At the museum.

2 〔英語の対話とその内容についての質問を聞いて、答えとして最も適切なものを選ぶ問題〕

Welc	ome to Too	hinoki Hig	h School F	estival
Place Time	Gym	Classroom A	Science Room	Cooking Room
10:00 a.m.~ 10:45 a.m.	Guitar Performance		Science Show	
II:00 a.m.~ II:45 a.m.	Dance Club	Calligraphy Experience	Science Show	Menu Curry and Rice
Lunch Break			Sandwiches	
1:00 p.m.~ 1:45 p.m.	Chorus Club	Calligraphy Experience	Science Show	lce Cream Drinks
2:00 p.m.~ 2:45 p.m.	Piano Performance		Science Show	

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(1)	7	1.13	tho	Gvm.
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イ In the Classroom A.

ウ In the Science Room.

In the Cooking Room.

(2) 7 10:00 a.m. ~ 10:45 a.m.

イ 11:00 a.m.~11:45 a.m.

ウ 1:00 p.m.~1:45 p.m.

エ 2:00 p.m. ~ 2:45 p.m.

- (3) 7 Miho recommends Calligraphy Experience to Alex.
 - ✓ Miho recommends sandwiches to Alex.
 - ウ Miho suggests where to go after lunch.
 - I Miho suggests where to go for lunch.
- 3 〔英語の説明を聞いて、メモを完成させる問題〕

メモの(1)には数字を入れ、(2)と(3)には英語を入れなさい。

Green Wing Castle • It was built in (1) • More than 400 rooms. • The man in the picture had 10 (2) • People enjoyed parties in the large room. • The West Tower → We can see the (3) city.

2	次の1	, 2の問いに答え	なさり	Λ ₂ °				
	1 次の	英文中の (1)	かり	ら (6) に入る	5語。	として、下の(1)から	5(6)	のア、イ、 ウ 、エの
	うち,	それぞれ最も適切	なもの	のはどれか。				
	Н	ello, everyone. Do	you	like (1) mo	ovies	? Me? Yes, I	(2)	I'll introduce
	my fa	vorite movie. It is	"The	e Traveling of the	Am	azing Girl." The	story	is (3) a girl
	who tr	avels through time	e. So	me troubles happe	en, b	ut she can solve	(4	. The story is
	(5) , and the mus	sic is	also exciting. Th	e m	ovie was made a l	ong	time ago, but even
	now it	is very popular. I	t is a	great movie. If y	ou v	vere the girl, what		(6) you do?
	(1) ア	watch	1	watches	ウ	watching	ェ	watched
	(2) ア	am	1	do	ウ	is	I	does
	(3) ア	about	1	in	ゥ	to	I	with
	(4) ア	they	1	their	ゥ	them	I	theirs
	(5) 7	empty	1	fantastic	ゥ	narrow	I	terrible
	(6) ア	can	1	may	ゥ	must	ェ	would

- 2 次の(1)、(2)、(3)の()内の語句を意味が通るように並べかえて、(1)と(2)はア、イ、ウ、エ、(3)はア、イ、ウ、エ、オの記号を用いて答えなさい。
- (1) A: Is Tom the tallest in this class?
 - B: No. He (ア tall イ not ウ as エ is) as Ken.
- (2) A: I hear so many (ア be イ can ウ seen エ stars) from the top of the mountain.
 - B: Really? Let's go to see them.
- (3) A: What sport do you like?
 - B: Judo! Actually I (ア been イ have ウ practicing エ since オ judo) I was five years old.

3 次の英文を読んで、1、2、3、4の問いに答えなさい。

When people in Japan want to decide who wins or who goes first quickly, they often play a hand game called *Janken. They use three hand gestures to play the game. A closed hand means a *rock, an open hand means paper, and a closed hand with the *extended *index and middle fingers means *scissors. A rock breaks scissors, so the rock wins. Also, scissors cut paper, and paper covers a rock. It is () the rules, so many people can play Janken.

This kind of hand game is played in many countries all around the world. Most of the people use three hand gestures, but some people use more than three. In *France, people use four hand gestures. People in *Malaysia sometimes use five hand gestures.

In other countries, people use hand gestures which are A from the ones used in Japan. In *Indonesia, a closed hand with the extended *thumb means an elephant, a closed hand with the extended index finger means a person, and a closed hand with the extended *little finger means an *ant. In their rules, an elephant *beats a person, because it is larger and stronger. In the same way, a person beats an ant. But how can a small ant beat a big elephant? Can you imagine the reason? An ant can get into an elephant's ears and nose, and the elephant doesn't like that.

Isn't it interesting to know that there are many kinds of hand games like Janken around the world? Even when the hand gestures and their meanings are A, people can enjoy them. If you go to foreign countries in the future, ask the local people how they play their hand games. And why don't you introduce yours and play the games with them? Then that may be B.

*France=フランス *Malaysia=マレーシア *Indonesia=インドネシア

^{*}thumb=親指 *little finger=小指 *ant=アリ

^{*}beat~=~を打ち負かす

	本 又中の()に入るものとして、	最も週切なものはとれか。
7	difficult to decide	1 easy to understand
ウ	free to break	
3 7	本文中の下線部の内容を、次の	吾が入る。適切な英語を1語で書きなさい。 が表すように、())に入る 25 字程度
の	日本語を書きなさい。ただし、句読点も ⁹	字数に加えるものとする。
	アリは()から、アリがゾウに勝つ。

4 主人公である修二(Shuji)と、その同級生の竜也(Tatsuya)について書かれた次の英文を読んで、1から5までの問いに答えなさい。

I met Tatsuya when I was 7 years old. We joined a badminton club then. I was good at sports, so I improved my *skills for badminton soon. Tatsuya was not a good player, but he always practiced hard and said, "I can do it! I will win next time." He even said, "I will be the *champion of badminton in Japan." I also had a dream to become the champion, but I such words because I thought it was *embarrassing to do that. When I won against him, he always said to me, "Shuji, let's play one more game. I will win next time." I never lost against him, but I felt he was improving his skills.

When we were 11 years old, the situation changed. In a city tournament, I played a badminton game against Tatsuya. Before the game, he said to me, "Shuji, I will win this time." I thought I would win against him easily because I never lost against him. However, I couldn't. I lost against him *for the first time. I never thought that would happen so soon. He smiled and said, "I finally won!" Then I started to practice badminton harder because I didn't want to lose again.

When we were junior high school students, we played several badminton games, but I couldn't win even once. Tatsuya became strong and joined the *national badminton tournament, so I went to watch his games. In the tournament, his play was great. Sometimes he *made mistakes in the games, but then, he said, "It's OK! I will not make the same mistake again!" He even said, "I will be the champion!" I thought, "He hasn't changed since he was a beginner."

Finally, Tatsuya really became the champion of badminton in Japan. After the tournament, I asked him why he became so strong. He said, "Shuji, I always say that I will be the champion. Do you know why? When we *say our goals out loud, our *mind and body move to *reach the goals. In fact, by saying that I will be the champion, I can practice hard, and that helps me play better. The words I say make me strong." I realized that those words gave him the (p) to reach the goal. On that day, I decided to say my goal and practice hard to reach it.

Now I am 18 years old and I am ready to win the national tournament. Now I am standing on the *court to play a game against Tatsuya in the *final of the national badminton tournament. I have changed. I am going to say to Tatsuya, "I will win this time. I will be the champion."

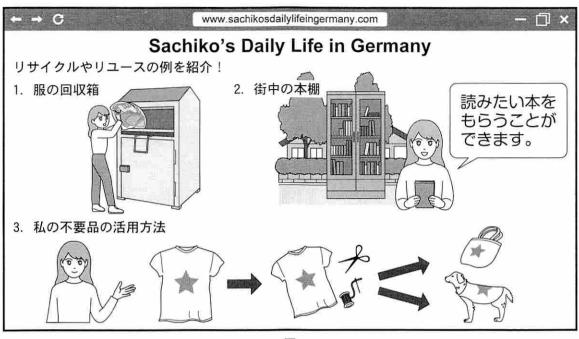
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    (注) *skill=技術 *champion=チャンピオン *embarrassing=恥ずかしい
    *for the first time=初めて *national=全国の *make a mistake=ミスをする
    *say~out loud=~を声に出す *mind=心 *reach~=~を達成する
    *court=コート *final=決勝
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1 本文中の に入る適切な英	を語を2語または3語で書きなさい。
2 本文中の下線部の指す内容は何か。E]本語で書きなさい。
3 本文中の()に入る適切な英	・ 英語を1語で書きなさい。ただし、()内に示
されている文字で書き始め、その文字も	合めて答えること。
4 次の文は、本文中の最後の段落に書か	・ いれた出来事の翌日に、竜也が修二に宛てて送ったメー
ルの内容である。(A). (はどれか。	B)に入る語の組み合わせとして、最も適切なもの
Hi Shuji,	
*Congratulations!	
Now you are the champion, my friend	d.
You've become my goal again.	
You were always my goal when I was	s little.
I remember I was very (A)	when I won against you for the first time.
At that time, you told me that it was	embarrassing for you to say your goal.
So I was (B) when you said	d to me, "I will be the champion."
This time I lost, but I will win next ti	ime.
Your friend,	
Tatsuya	
〔注〕*congratulations=おめでとう	
ア A:sorry — B:bored	イ A:sad — B:excited
ウ A: happy — B: lonely	⊥ A:glad — B:surprised
5 本文の内容と一致するものはどれか。	
7 Shuii played hadminton better than	Tateuva when they began to play it

1 *☆曲の「

- Shuji played badminton better than Tatsuya when they began to play it.
- Tatsuya asked Shuji to practice hard and become the champion in Japan.
- Shuji thought Tatsuya would win against Shuji in the national tournament.
- Tatsuya decided to say his goal out loud because Shuji told Tatsuya to do so.

5 次の芽	英文は,高校生の光(Hikari)とドイツ(Germany)からの留学生レオン(Leon)の対話の一
部である	。また、図は二人が見ているウェブサイトの一部である。これらに関して、1から7ま
での問い	いに答えなさい。
Hikari:	Leon, look at this T-shirt. I bought it yesterday.
Leon:	It looks cute, but didn't you get a new one last weekend?
Hikari:	Yes. I love clothes.
Leon:	Me too, A . Instead, I wear my favorite clothes for many years.
Hikari:	Many years? I like new fashion, so I usually enjoy my clothes only for one season.
Leon:	Too short! You mean you often *throw away the clothes you don't need?
Hikari:	Well, I did that before, but I stopped it. I have kept the clothes I don't wear in my
	*closet. However, I don't know what I can do with those clothes.
Leon:	When I was in Germany, my family used "Kleidercontainer."
Hikari:	What is that?
Leon:	It is a box to collect used clothes. I will show you a website. It is made by a
	Japanese woman, Sachiko. She lives in Germany. Look at this picture on the website.
	This is Kleidercontainer.
Hikari:	Wow, it's big! Sachiko is(3) the box, right?
Leon:	That's right. Then, the collected clothes are used again by someone else, or they are
	recycled.
Hikari:	Nice! Hey, look at the picture next to Kleidercontainer. You have a *bookshelf on
	the street?
Leon:	It is "Öffentlicher Bücherschrank." It means "*public bookshelf." When you have
	books you don't need, you can bring them here.
Hikari:	Sachiko says that people can(4) from the bookshelf *for free! Is that true?
Leon:	Yes. When I was in Germany, I sometimes did that.
Hikari:	Great! Sachiko is also introducing how she uses things she doesn't need in other
	ways. For example, by using an old T-shirt, she(5) or clothes for her pet.
Leon:	Oh, some people call those activities "upcycling."
Hikari:	Upcycling? I have never heard that word. B what upcycling is?
Leon:	Sure! When you have something you don't need, you may throw it away. However,
	by creating something (C) from the thing you don't need, you can still use
	it. Upcycling can give (C) *values to things you don't use.
Hikari:	Interesting! In this way, we can use things for a (D) time. I want to think
	more about how I can use my clothes in other ways.
(注)	*throw away~/throw~away=~を捨てる *closet=クローゼット
	*bookshelf=本棚 *public=公共の *for free=無料で *value=価値



义

- 1 下線部(1)は何を指すか。本文から抜き出して書きなさい。
- に入るものとして、最も適切なものはどれか。
- 7 but I don't buy new clothes so often 1 but I like shirts better than T-shirts
- ゥ so I buy a lot of clothes every season エ so I'm happy to hear that you love clothes
- 3 下線部(2)の that とはどのようなことか。15 字以内の日本語で書きなさい。ただし、句読点 も字数に加えるものとする。
- 4 図を参考に、二人の対話が成り立つよう、下線部(3)、(4)、(5)に適切な英語を書きなさい。
- に入る適切な英語を3語または4語で書きなさい。 5 二人の対話が成り立つよう。 В
- 6 本文中の(C), (D)に入る語の組み合わせとして、最も適切なものはどれか。

ア C:old — D:long

↑ C : old
 ─ D : short

ウ C:new — D:long

I C: new - D: short

7 英語の授業で、「今後、服を手放す際に、どのような手段を選ぶか」について、短いスピーチ をすることになりました。それに向けて、次の〔条件〕に合うよう、あなたの考えを書きなさい。

[条件] ① 下の 内の四つの手段から一つを選ぶこと。

なお, (

)内の例を参考にして書いてもよい。

- ② なぜその手段を選ぶのかという理由も書くこと。
- ③ まとまりのある5文程度の英語で書くこと。

・売る

(例:*フリーマーケットやオンラインで売る)

・他の人にあげる (例:兄弟姉妹や友だちにあげる)

*寄付する

(例: *慈善団体に寄付する)

・リサイクルに出す (例:リサイクルのためにお店に持って行く)

(注) *フリーマーケット=flea market *(~を…に)寄付する=donate~to…

*慈善団体=charities